

BUDDHA SERIES

(Unit Wise Solved Question & Answers)

Course – B.Com I- Sem
College – Buddha Degree College
(DDU Code-859)

Department: Commerce

Subject: Business Organisation

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<u>Unit -I</u>

1. Business refers to:

- A) Non-economic activity
- B) Profit-oriented economic activity
- C) Charitable activity
- D) Religious activity

Answer: B

2. Which of the following is a characteristic of business?

- A) Regularity in dealings
- B) Profit motive
- C) Involves risk
- D) All of the above

Answer: D

3. Business includes:

- A) Only production
- B) Only distribution
- C) Production and exchange of goods/services
- D) Only services

Answer: C

4. The primary objective of business is:

- A) Service
- B) Earning profit
- C) Charity
- D) Public welfare

Answer: B

5. Which is the first stage in the development of business?

- A) Expansion
- B) Idea generation
- C) Promotion
- D) Takeover

Answer: B

6. Business activities are classified into:

- A) Industry and Commerce
- B) Trade and Commerce
- C) Profit and Non-profit
- D) None of these

Answer: A

7. Which of the following is a part of industry?

A) Wholesale trade

- B) Construction
- C) Retail trade
- D) Transport

Answer: B

8. Commerce includes:

- A) Manufacturing
- B) Production
- C) Exchange and distribution of goods
- D) Extraction

Answer: C

9. Trade is a part of:

- A) Industry
- B) Commerce
- C) Agriculture
- D) Manufacturing

Answer: B

10. Which of the following is not a business activity?

- A) Teaching by a salaried teacher
- B) Buying and selling of goods
- C) Manufacturing of toys
- D) Running a retail shop

Answer: A

11. Business organisation means:

- A) Buying and selling only
- B) Production only
- C) Structuring of business operations
- D) Working alone

Answer: C

12. Which of the following is a feature of business organisation?

- A) Unity of direction
- B) Coordination
- C) Division of work
- D) All of the above

Answer: D

13. Which is not an objective of business organisation?

- A) Earning profit
- B) Social service
- C) Creating monopoly
- D) Providing goods and services

Answer: C

14. A good business organisation helps in:

- A) Wastage of resources
- B) Inefficiency
- C) Better productivity
- D) Confusion

Answer: C

15. Business organisation evolves due to:

- A) Change in tastes
- B) Industrial revolution
- C) Government rules
- D) All of the above

Answer: D

16. Which of the following influenced the evolution of modern business?

- A) Technological development
- B) Globalisation
- C) Industrial revolution
- D) All of the above

Answer: D

17. Which era is called the origin of large-scale industry?

- A) Prehistoric
- B) Agricultural
- C) Industrial
- D) Digital

Answer: C

18. Modern business is characterised by:

- A) Local operations
- B) Manual work
- C) Use of technology
- D) Barter system

Answer: C

19. Modern businesses are influenced by:

- A) Cultural values
- B) Economic conditions
- C) Technological innovations
- D) All of the above

Answer: D

20. Which of the following is NOT a feature of modern business?

- A) Global reach
- B) Use of outdated technology
- C) E-commerce adoption

D) Professional management

Answer: B

21. Which of the following is not an industry?

- A) Manufacturing
- B) Construction
- C) Transport
- D) Trading

Answer: D

22. Profession requires:

- A) License
- B) Formal education
- C) Code of conduct
- D) All of the above

Answer: D

23. Commerce excludes:

- A) Transport
- B) Banking
- C) Manufacturing
- D) Warehousing

Answer: C

24. Profession differs from business because:

- A) It aims at profit only
- B) It is inherited
- C) It requires specialized knowledge
- D) It is unorganized

Answer: C

25. Which is a difference between business and profession?

- A) Business has ethical codes
- B) Profession doesn't require any qualification
- C) Business doesn't require formal education
- D) Business doesn't earn profit

Answer: C

UNIT II

26. Promotion is concerned with:

- A) Production
- B) Distribution
- C) Establishing a new business

- D) Bookkeeping
- **Answer:** C

27. The first step in promotion of business is:

- A) Raising capital
- B) Selecting form of business
- C) Identifying opportunity
- D) Appointing staff

Answer: C

28. Qualities of a successful businessman include:

- A) Dishonesty
- B) Risk aversion
- C) Decision-making ability
- D) Laziness

Answer: C

29. Which of the following is not a factor in setting up new business?

- A) Market demand
- B) Availability of capital
- C) Location
- D) Political alignment

Answer: D

30. Which is not a quality of a good entrepreneur?

- A) Initiative
- B) Integrity
- C) Inconsistency
- D) Innovation

Answer: C

31. Sole proprietorship is also known as:

- A) One-man business
- B) Partnership
- C) Joint stock
- D) Cooperative

Answer: A

32. Which of the following is a feature of sole proprietorship?

- A) Unlimited liability
- B) Separate legal entity
- C) Complex formation
- D) Shared ownership

Answer: A

33. In which form is registration not compulsory?

A) Partnership

	B) Joint Stock Company
	C) Sole proprietorship
	D) Cooperative society
	Answer: C
34.	A Joint Stock Company has:
	A) Unlimited liability
	B) No separate legal status
	C) Perpetual succession
	D) No shareholders
	Answer: C
35.	A Public company must have minimum how many members?
	A) 1
	B) 2
	C) 3
	D) 7
	Answer: D
36.	A Private Company must have minimum how many members?
	A) 2
	B) 3
	C) 4
	D) 5
	Answer: A
37.	Which company can invite public to subscribe to its shares?
	A) Private
	B) Public
	C) OPC
	D) Partnership
	Answer: B
38.	One Person Company (OPC) can be formed by:
	A) 1 person
	B) 2 persons
	C) 3 persons
	D) Unlimited persons
	Answer: A
39.	One Person Company was introduced under which Companies Act?
	A) 1956
	B) 1991
	C) 2000
	D) 2013

40. A cooperative society works on principle of:
A) Profit maximization
B) Self-interest
C) Mutual help
D) Monopoly
Answer: C
41. Which form has democratic management?
A) Sole proprietorship
B) Cooperative
C) OPC
D) Public company
Answer: B
42. In Joint Stock Company, liability of shareholders is:
A) Unlimited
B) Limited
C) Joint and several
D) No liability
Answer: B
43. Shares of a public company are traded on:
A) Local market
B) Commodity exchange
C) Stock exchange
D) Black market
Answer: C
44. Which of the following is not a feature of OPC?
A) One shareholder
B) Separate legal entity
C) Multiple partners
D) Limited liability
Answer: C
45. Minimum number of members required in a cooperative society is:
A) 2
B) 5
C) 7
D) 10
Answer: C
46. A merit of sole proprietorship is:
A) Continuity
B) Easy formation

C) Limited liability

D) Large resources

Answer: B

47. A demerit of partnership is:

- A) Pooling of capital
- B) Limited liability
- C) Lack of secrecy
- D) Personal supervision

Answer: C

48. A merit of public company is:

- A) Unlimited liability
- B) Lack of legal recognition
- C) Easy capital collection
- D) Secrecy

Answer: C

49. A cooperative society faces problem of:

- A) Democratic management
- B) Self-interest
- C) Inefficient management
- D) Limited liability

Answer: C

50. Which is the most suitable form for large-scale business?

- A) Sole proprietorship
- B) Partnership
- C) Cooperative
- D) Joint Stock Company

Answer: D